




# What Is North Carolina Identity Theft Protection Act (NCIDTPA)?

Discover the ins and outs of the North Carolina Identity Theft Protection Act (NCIDTPA) with Progressive Computer Systems. Uncover key insights, compliance measures, and proactive strategies to safeguard your identity and personal information. Stay informed and protected – explore NCIDTPA with us today.



Identity theft is a growing concern for individuals and businesses alike. With the increasing reliance on technology and the digital landscape, it's essential to have measures in place to protect personal information. The North Carolina Identity Theft Protection Act (NCIDTPA) aims to do just that. Passed in 2005, this comprehensive legislation strives to safeguard the personal information of North Carolina residents and prevent identity theft.

The NCIDTPA includes various provisions targeted at businesses, government agencies, and other entities that collect and store personal identifying information. These provisions involve security measures, proper disposal of records, and prompt notification in case of security breaches. The North Carolina Identity Theft Protection Act aims to create a secure environment for residents and businesses by outlining the expected standards and best practices.

## Key Takeaways

- The NCIDTPA is a comprehensive legislation focused on safeguarding personal information and preventing identity theft.
- Businesses, government agencies, and other entities must adopt security measures and proper record disposal procedures.
- The Act mandates prompt notification in case of security breaches involving personal identifying information.

# Purpose of NCIDTPA

The primary purpose of the North Carolina Identity Theft Protection Act (NCIDTPA) is to safeguard the personal information of North Carolina residents and reduce the risk of identity theft. This Act encompasses a series of broad laws designed to deter and prevent identity theft while protecting individual privacy.

To accomplish these goals, the NCIDTPA establishes certain regulations:

- 1. Social Security Number Protection:** The Act mandates businesses to prevent unauthorized access to Social Security numbers and prohibits them from displaying SSNs publicly or transmitting them without adequate security measures.
- 2. Security Freeze:** NCIDTPA enables consumers to place a security freeze on their credit reports, restricting access to their credit information. This empowers individuals to have more control over their data and makes it difficult for identity thieves to open new accounts in their name.
- 3. Destruction of Personal Information Records:** The Act requires businesses to properly dispose of personal information records belonging to employees and customers. This includes shredding, burning, erasing, or otherwise modifying the records to make the information unreadable.
- 4. Protection from Security Breaches:** The NCIDTPA outlines procedures businesses must follow in case of a security breach affecting personal information. This includes notifying the affected individuals and the North Carolina Attorney General's Office.

By implementing these regulations, the NCIDTPA aims to create a more secure environment for residents of North Carolina. The Act holds businesses accountable for implementing robust security practices and empowers individuals to have greater control over their data.

## Key Provisions

The North Carolina Identity Theft Protection Act (NCIDTPA) was established to protect the citizens of North Carolina against identity theft. This act includes several key provisions that aim to strengthen safeguards for personal information, require businesses and government entities to protect sensitive financial information, and provide consumers with tools to prevent identity theft.

Firstly, the **Social Security Number Protection** provision states that businesses cannot openly display or transmit an individual's social security number without proper encryption or other safety measures. This helps to limit the unauthorized access and misuse of social security numbers, which are often a primary target in identity theft cases.

Additionally, the NCIDTPA outlines **Data Security and Breach Notification** requirements. Businesses must implement reasonable security measures to protect personal data, and in the event of a security breach, they must notify affected individuals promptly. Timely notification allows individuals to take necessary steps to protect themselves from potential identity theft.

Another vital aspect of the NCIDTPA is the **"Shredding" Provision**. This requirement mandates that businesses properly dispose of personal and financial information by shredding, burning, or otherwise rendering the data unreadable or undecipherable. Non-compliance with this provision could result in legal ramifications.

To further help consumers protect themselves, the NCIDTPA provides the right to **place a security freeze** on their credit reports. This freeze restricts access to a person's credit information, inhibiting an identity thief from opening new accounts or making fraudulent transactions using stolen information.

The North Carolina Identity Theft Protection Act offers several essential provisions that help safeguard personal information and reduce identity theft risk. By adhering to these requirements, businesses, government entities, and individuals can all contribute to a safer and more secure environment for residents of North Carolina.

# Notification Requirements

Under the North Carolina Identity Theft Protection Act (NCIDTPA), businesses and agencies must promptly notify affected individuals once a security breach has been discovered. This notice aims to protect consumers and ensure they are aware of potential risks to their personal information.

As part of the notification process, the notice must be clear and conspicuous, and provided without unreasonable delay. However, the timing of the notice could be delayed if law enforcement requests it to avoid interfering with a criminal investigation or compromising national security.

The notice should include essential information, such as:

- A brief description of the security breach incident
- The type of personal information potentially impacted
- Measures taken to contain the breach and protect consumers' personal information
- Contact information for the entity that experienced the breach
- Actions that affected individuals can take to protect themselves from potential harm

Additionally, the NCIDTPA mandates the establishment of a statewide standard for information technology privacy by the Office of Privacy & Data Protection. They are also responsible for reviewing existing privacy standards and practices to ensure compliance with statewide privacy requirements.

Businesses and agencies need to familiarize themselves with these notification requirements to avoid potential penalties under the NCIDTPA and to maintain the trust of their clients and customers. Proper communication and awareness of security breaches play a crucial role in safeguarding North Carolina citizens' identities and personal information.





## Enforcement and Penalties

This section will discuss the enforcement and penalties related to the North Carolina Identity Theft Protection Act (NCIDTPA), established to prevent identity theft and protect individuals' privacy.

One notable offense under the NCIDTPA is **trafficking in stolen identities**. This crime is considered a Class E felony, carrying a penalty of 15 to 63 months in jail (depending on the defendant's criminal history). It occurs when a person sells, transfers, or purchases another person's identifying information to commit identity theft or assist someone else in committing identity theft.

Enforcement of the NCIDTPA is primarily the North Carolina Department of Justice (NCDOJ) responsibility. Their role is to investigate and prosecute illegal activities related to identity theft. Individuals and businesses are expected to report any security breaches to the NCDOJ, which then takes the necessary action to protect citizens from potential harm.

Victims of identity theft in North Carolina can also take steps to protect themselves, such as placing a fraud alert on their credit reports. This free service lasts 90 days and can be requested from major credit bureaus, including Equifax, Experian, and TransUnion.

To summarize, the enforcement and penalties related to the North Carolina Identity Theft Protection Act serve as a deterrent against identity theft and encourage businesses and individuals to guard personal information diligently. The NCDOJ plays a crucial role in enforcing the act by investigating and prosecuting those who engage in identity theft-related activities. Meanwhile, individuals can take preventive measures, such as placing fraud alerts on their credit reports to minimize potential damage.



# NCIDTPA vs. Federal Identity Theft Lawst

The **North Carolina Identity Theft Protection Act (NCIDTPA)** and the federal identity theft laws aim to protect individuals against the unauthorized use of their personal information. While there are similarities between the two, it's essential to recognize some key differences.

Under NCIDTPA, identity theft occurs when someone knowingly obtains, possesses, or uses another person's identifying information with the intent to:

- Obtain property
- Purchase something
- Avoid legal consequences
- Procure something of value

This applies to both living and deceased individuals. In North Carolina, identity theft is classified as a Class G felony, with convicted individuals potentially facing prison sentences between 8 to 31 months.

Comparatively, federal identity theft laws focus on three main areas:

1. Identity theft and Assumption deterrence
2. Aggravated identity theft
3. False identification documents and document fraud

*Identity Theft and Assumption Deterrence Act* is the central federal law. Under this act, anyone who knowingly transfers, possesses, or uses, without lawful authority, another's means of identification to commit or facilitate an unlawful activity that constitutes a violation of federal law or a felony under any state or local law is deemed guilty.

*Aggravated identity theft* occurs when an individual knowingly transfers, possesses, or uses, without lawful authority, another's means of identification during or in connection with specific felony offenses. The penalties for this offense include a mandatory consecutive two-year prison sentence.

The *False Identification Documents and Document Fraud* section of federal law focuses on creating and possessing fraudulent identification documents and the illegal trade of these items.

In conclusion, while both NCIDTPA and federal identity theft laws focus on protecting individuals from unauthorized use of their personal information, the scope and penalties of each set of laws differ. NCIDTPA is specific to North Carolina and addresses various forms of identity theft, whereas federal identity theft laws encompass broader areas and apply nationwide.

## Preventive Measures

The North Carolina Identity Theft Protection Act (NCIDTPA) was enacted in 2005 to prevent identity theft and protect citizens' personal information. In this section, we will discuss some preventive measures in the act, using our knowledge and the information obtained from the search results.

Under the NCIDTPA, businesses and state and local governments must take **reasonable steps** to protect their customers' personal information. One of the ways this can be done is by implementing **security measures** to safeguard sensitive data from unauthorized access or acquisition. For instance, the act encourages organizations to use encryption technologies, firewalls, and other data protection tools.

Additionally, the NCIDTPA mandates that businesses and governments must **destroy sensitive records** when they are no longer needed. This includes both paper and electronic documents that contain the personal information of North Carolina residents. Properly disposing of such records can greatly reduce the risk of sensitive data being leaked or accessed by unauthorized individuals.

Here is a list of some important preventive measures outlined by the act:

1. Implement strong access controls and password policies.
2. Encrypt sensitive data, both at rest and during transmission.
3. Regularly back up and update software and systems.
4. Train employees to recognize and avoid phishing scams.
5. Monitor and report suspicious activities.

As we can see, the NCIDTPA emphasizes various preventive measures to minimize the risk of identity theft and potential harm to the residents of North Carolina. By following these guidelines, we can work together to create a safer environment for citizens and protect their sensitive personal information.



# Resources and Assistance

The **North Carolina Identity Theft Protection Act (NCIDTPA)** aims to safeguard the personal information of individuals and protect them from identity theft. To achieve this goal, the state provides various resources and assistance to its residents.

One such resource is the **North Carolina Department of Justice (NCDOJ)**, which offers help to victims of identity theft. The NCDOJ guides steps to reclaim your good name and restore your credit, ensuring you don't become responsible for debts incurred in your name by identity thieves.

Additionally, the **Office of Privacy & Data Protection** under the North Carolina Department of Information Technology (NCDIT) is responsible for establishing statewide privacy standards and reviewing existing privacy practices to ensure they comply with these requirements.

Here are some key resources and assistance channels made available by the state:

- 1. ID Theft Victims support:** The NCDOJ offers valuable advice and guidance for victims of identity theft to recover their identities and improve their credit.
- 2. Notification of security breaches:** Under the Identity Theft Protection Act, businesses and government entities must notify people if a security breach involves their personal identifying information. As of July 2019, over 6,500 breaches were reported, affecting more than 16 million North Carolina consumers.
- 3. Regional identity theft complaint rankings:** To inform residents about the prevalence of identity theft in North Carolina, the government releases rankings of metropolitan areas based on identity theft complaints per 100,000 residents.
- 4. Privacy policies and guidelines:** The NCDIT's Office of Privacy & Data Protection sets a statewide standard for information technology privacy, ensuring that all entities operating in North Carolina adhere to strict privacy protection legislation.

By providing these resources and assistance, North Carolina protects its residents from the potential hardships of identity theft, ensuring a secure environment for personal information.

# How Progressive Computer Systems Can Help With NCIDTPA

To ensure compliance with the North Carolina Identity Theft Protection Act (NCIDTPA), we at Progressive Computer Systems can provide various services to support your business. Our cybersecurity and IT management expertise can help secure your organization and protect sensitive information under NCIDTPA requirements.

Firstly, our team will work closely with your organization to onboard new employees, issue laptops and equipment, and manage user access. We will implement **password and user management protocols** to minimize security risks while maintaining user privileges that adhere to NCIDTPA regulations.

Secondly, we handle all aspects of security monitoring and protection. The effectiveness of an IT security system is determined by its ability to detect and address any potential threats on time. Our 24/7 monitoring services will protect your organization's assets against cyber threats that could lead to identity theft.

Another essential element of compliance is ensuring the proper disposal of personal information when employees leave the organization or access is no longer required. We will handle **restricting access and offboarding employees** to reduce unauthorized access to sensitive information and prevent possible breaches.

In addition to these measures, our services also address insurance and compliance support. We understand the importance of adhering to NCIDTPA requirements and will assist your organization in completing the necessary documentation and compliance forms.

Lastly, we manage your servers (cloud or on-site) and your company's email, ensuring that communications are protected against phishing attacks and ransomware threats. By developing your annual IT plan, we ensure your organization stays updated with the latest security measures and best practices under NCIDTPA.

In summary, partnering with Progressive Computer Systems ensures your organization maintains compliance with the North Carolina Identity Theft Protection Act. Our comprehensive IT management program safeguards your organization and supports you in adhering to all necessary regulations, leaving you free to focus on your core business activities.